

Module

- [OnMart - E-Commerce Mobile Application Documentation](#)

OnMart - E-Commerce Mobile Application Documentation

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Project Overview

OnMart is a full-featured React Native e-commerce mobile application that provides a comprehensive shopping experience for both customers and affiliate marketers. The app supports iOS and Android platforms and features a modern, responsive UI built with TypeScript.

Key Capabilities

- **Shopping Experience:** Browse products, search, filter by categories, add to cart, and checkout
 - **User Management:** Authentication, profile management, address management
 - **Order Management:** Track orders, view order history, manage payments
 - **Social Features:** Chat with sellers, product ratings and reviews
 - **Affiliate Program:** Complete affiliate marketing system with dashboard, collection management, and payment tracking
 - **Wishlist:** Save favorite products for later
 - **Vouchers:** Apply discount vouchers and track voucher history
 - **Store Management:** Browse stores and view store details
 - **Real-time Features:** Socket.io integration for real-time updates
-

Features

Customer Features

1. **Product Discovery**
 - Homepage with featured products and categories
 - Product search with autocomplete
 - Category-based browsing
 - Product filtering and sorting
 - Store browsing
2. **Product Details**
 - High-quality product images with zoom
 - Detailed product information
 - Product variants (size, color, etc.)
 - Product reviews and ratings
 - Store information
 - Related products
3. **Shopping Cart**
 - Add/remove products
 - Update quantities
 - Apply vouchers
 - View total price with discounts

4. **Checkout Process**
 - Multiple address support
 - Shipping method selection
 - Payment method integration
 - Order summary
5. **Order Management**
 - Order tracking
 - Order history
 - Order status updates
 - Payment status
6. **User Account**
 - Profile management
 - Address book
 - Wishlist
 - Notification preferences
 - Account deletion
7. **Communication**
 - Chat with sellers
 - Real-time messaging
 - Order inquiries

Affiliate Features

1. **Affiliate Dashboard**
 - Earnings overview
 - Performance metrics
 - Commission tracking
 2. **Collection Management**
 - Create product collections
 - Manage collection items
 - Custom collection banners
 3. **Link Generation**
 - Generate affiliate links
 - Track link performance
 4. **Payment Management**
 - Withdrawal requests
 - Payment history
 - Tax information
-

Technology Stack

Core Technologies

- **React Native:** 0.75.2
- **React:** 18.3.1
- **TypeScript:** 5.0.4
- **Node.js:** ≥ 18

Key Libraries

State Management

- **Redux Toolkit:** @reduxjs/toolkit ^2.2.7
- **React Redux:** ^9.1.2
- **Redux Persist:** ^6.0.0

Navigation

- **React Navigation:** ^6.1.18
 - Native Stack Navigator
 - Bottom Tabs Navigator
 - Drawer Navigator

API & Data

- **Apollo Client:** ^3.5.6 (GraphQL)
- **Axios:** ^1.7.7 (REST API)
- **Socket.io Client:** ^4.8.1 (Real-time)

UI Components

- **React Native Reanimated:** ^3.15.1
- **React Native Gesture Handler:** ^2.18.1
- **React Native SVG:** ^15.9.0
- **React Native Vector Icons:** ^10.1.0
- **React Native Maps:** 1.20.0
- **Gorhom Bottom Sheet:** ^5

Media & Camera

- **React Native Vision Camera:** ^4.5.3
- **React Native Image Picker:** ^7.1.2
- **React Native Image Resizer:** ^3.0.11
- **React Native Video:** ^6.7.0

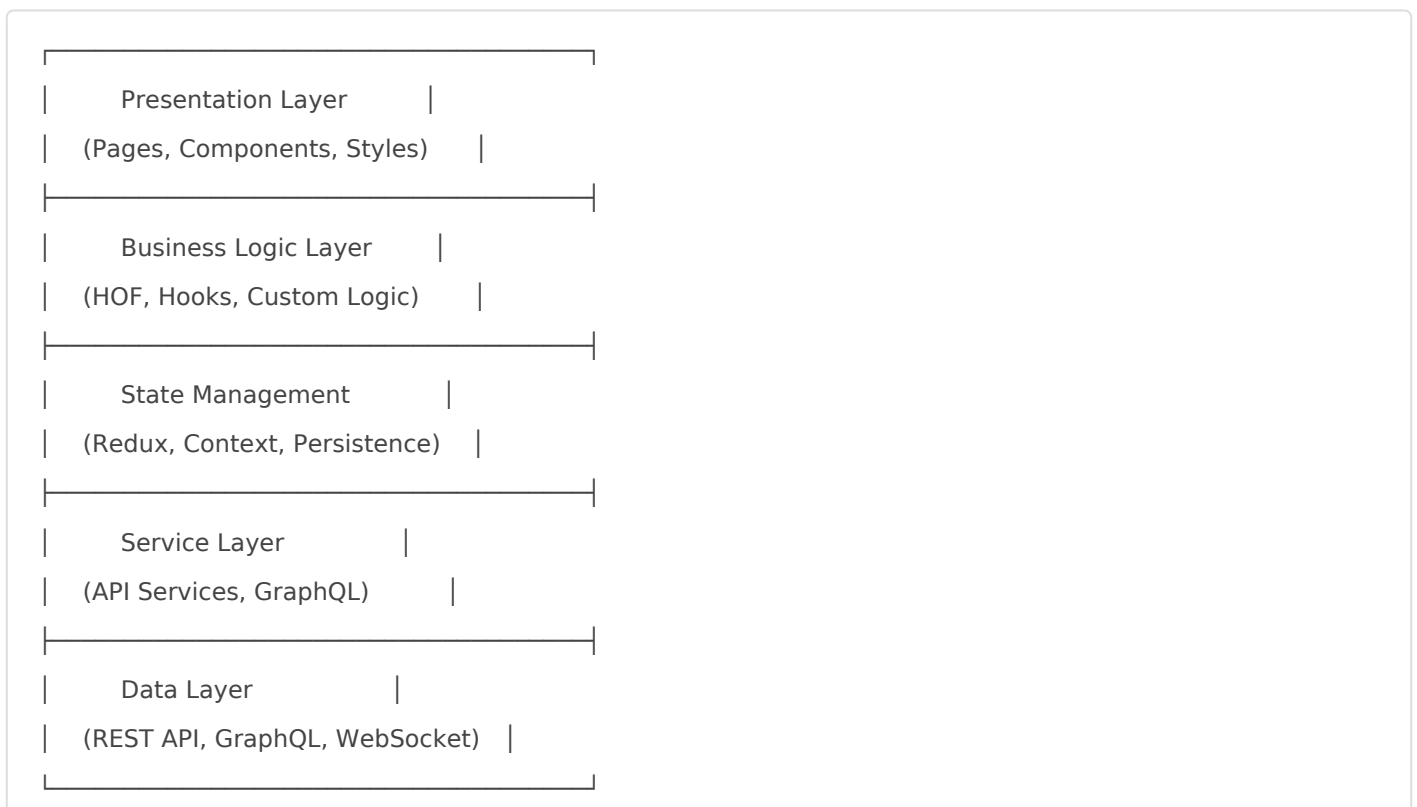
Utilities

- **Moment.js:** ^2.30.1
 - **i18next:** ^23.14.0
 - **React Native Toast Notifications:** ^3.4.0
 - **React Native Share:** ^12.0.3
-

Project Architecture

OnMart follows a modular architecture with clear separation of concerns:

Architecture Layers



Design Patterns

1. **Atomic Design**: Component library organized as Atoms → Molecules → Organisms
 2. **Higher-Order Functions (HOF)**: Business logic separated from UI components
 3. **Service Layer Pattern**: Centralized API calls in service modules
 4. **Container/Presentational Pattern**: Separation of data handling and UI rendering
-

Getting Started

Prerequisites

Before you begin, ensure you have the following installed:

1. **Node.js** ($\geq 18.x$)
2. **Yarn** (3.6.4 - managed via packageManager)
3. **React Native CLI**
4. **Xcode** (for iOS development, macOS only)
5. **Android Studio** (for Android development)
6. **CocoaPods** (for iOS dependencies)

Environment Setup

Follow the [React Native Environment Setup](#) guide for your operating system.

Installation

1. Clone the repository

```
git clone https://github.com/ondeliveroper/OnMart.git
cd OnMart
```

2. Install dependencies

```
yarn install
```

3. Install iOS dependencies (macOS only)

```
cd ios
pod install
cd ..
```

4. Configure environment

```
# For development
yarn dev

# For production
```

```
yarn prod
```

This copies the appropriate `.env.dev` or `.env.prod` file to `.env`

Running the Application

Development Mode

1. Start Metro bundler

```
yarn start
```

2. Run on iOS (in a new terminal)

```
yarn ios
```

3. Run on Android (in a new terminal)

```
yarn android
```

Production Build

Android

```
yarn android:build
```

Output: `android/app/build/outputs/apk/release/app-release.apk`

iOS Build through Xcode or use Fastlane (requires configuration)

Project Structure

```
OnMart/  
├─ android/      # Android native code  
├─ ios/         # iOS native code  
├─ src/         # Application source code  
│ └─ api/       # API integration  
│ │ └─ services/ # Service modules  
│ │ └─ axios-instance.ts # Axios configuration
```

```
| | └─ axios-request.ts # Request wrapper
| | └─ endpoints.ts # API endpoints
| └─ assets/ # Static assets (images, icons, fonts)
| └─ components/ # Reusable components
| | └─ atoms/ # Basic UI elements
| | └─ molecules/ # Composed components
| | └─ organisms/ # Complex components
| └─ contexts/ # React Context providers
| | └─ theme.tsx # Theme context
| | └─ product-card-bottom-sheet/ # Bottom sheet context
| └─ graphql/ # GraphQL operations
| | └─ queries/ # GraphQL queries
| | └─ mutations/ # GraphQL mutations
| └─ hooks/ # Custom React hooks
| └─ i18n/ # Internationalization
| | └─ locales/ # Translation files
| | └─ index.ts # i18n configuration
| └─ navigation/ # Navigation configuration
| | └─ app-navigator.tsx # Main navigator
| | └─ root-navigation.tsx # Navigation root
| | └─ components/ # Navigation components
| └─ pages/ # Application screens
| | └─ home/
| | └─ product-detail/
| | └─ cart/
| | └─ checkout/
| | └─ profile/
| | └─ affiliate-*/ # Affiliate pages
| | └─ ...
| └─ store/ # Redux store
| | └─ actions/ # Action creators
| | └─ reducers/ # Reducers
| | └─ root-reducer.ts # Root reducer
| | └─ index.ts # Store configuration
| └─ types/ # TypeScript type definitions
| └─ utils/ # Utility functions
└─ __tests__/ # Test files
└─ patches/ # Package patches
└─ .env.dev # Development environment variables
```

└─ .env.prod	# Production environment variables
└─ App.tsx	# Application entry point
└─ index.js	# React Native entry point
└─ package.json	# Dependencies and scripts
└─ tsconfig.json	# TypeScript configuration

Key Directories Explained

/src/api/services/

Contains service modules for API integration:

- `auth-service.ts` - Authentication endpoints
- `product-service.ts` - Product operations
- `cart-service.ts` - Shopping cart operations
- `checkout-service.ts` - Checkout process
- `order-service.ts` - Order management
- `profile-services.ts` - User profile operations
- `wishlist-service.ts` - Wishlist operations
- `affiliate-service.ts` - Affiliate program operations
- `chat-service.ts` - Chat functionality

/src/components/

Follows Atomic Design methodology:

- **Atoms:** Button, Card, Container, TextInput, DatePicker, Dropdown, SkeletonLoader
- **Molecules:** BackButton, CartButton, Badge, Rating, SearchButton, PageInfo
- **Organisms:** Complex multi-component structures

/src/pages/

Each page represents a screen in the app:

- Structure: `page-name/page-name.tsx` (UI) + `page-name-hof.ts` (logic)
- Components specific to a page are in `page-name/components/`
- Styles are in `page-name/style.ts`

/src/store/

Redux store configuration:

- **actions:** Action creators and action types
- **reducers:** State reducers (login, user, profile, counter, affiliate)
- Integrated with Redux Persist for state persistence

Development Guidelines

Code Organization

1. Page Structure

```
page-name/  
├─ page-name.tsx      # UI component  
├─ page-name-hof.ts   # Business logic (Higher-Order Function)  
├─ style.ts           # Styles  
└─ components/       # Page-specific components  
    ├─ component-a.tsx  
    └─ component-b.tsx
```

2. Component Structure

```
import React from 'react';  
import { View, Text } from 'react-native';  
  
interface ComponentProps {  
  // Props definition  
}  
  
const Component: React.FC<ComponentProps> = (props) => {  
  // Component logic  
  return (  
    <View>  
      { /* JSX */ }  
    </View>  
  );  
};  
  
export default Component;
```

3. HOF Pattern

```
const usePageHOF = () => {  
  // State management
```

```
// Business logic
// API calls

return {
  datas: {
    // Data to expose
  },
  methods: {
    // Methods to expose
  }
};
};

export default usePageHOF;
```

Naming Conventions

- **Files:** kebab-case (e.g., `product-detail.tsx`)
- **Components:** PascalCase (e.g., `ProductCard`)
- **Functions/Variables:** camelCase (e.g., `handleSubmit`)
- **Constants:** UPPER_SNAKE_CASE (e.g., `API_BASE_URL`)
- **Types/Interfaces:** PascalCase (e.g., `ProductType`)

TypeScript Guidelines

1. Always define types for props

```
interface ButtonProps {
  title: string;
  onPress: () => void;
  disabled?: boolean;
}
```

2. Use type imports

```
import type { ProductType } from '../types';
```

3. Avoid `any` type - use `unknown` if type is truly unknown

Styling Guidelines

1. Use theme for consistency

```
const styles = createStyles(theme);
```

2. Create reusable style functions

```
export const createStyles = (theme: Theme) =>
  StyleSheet.create({
    container: {
      flex: 1,
      backgroundColor: theme.colors.background,
    },
  });
```

3. Responsive design: Use percentages and flex for layouts

API Integration

REST API (Axios)

Configuration

API is configured in `src/api/axios-instance.ts`:

- Base URL from environment variables
- Request/response interceptors
- Authentication token injection

Making API Calls

Service modules in `src/api/services/` provide type-safe API calls:

```
// Example: Product Service
import { getProductDetail } from '../api/services/product-service';

const fetchProduct = async (productId: string) => {
  try {
```

```
const response = await getProductDetail(productId);
// Handle response
} catch (error) {
  // Handle error
}
};
```

Available Services

- **AuthService:** login, signup, logout, password reset
- **ProductService:** list products, product details, search
- **CartService:** add to cart, update cart, remove from cart
- **CheckoutService:** create order, payment processing
- **OrderService:** order history, order details, track order
- **ProfileService:** get/update profile, address management
- **WishlistService:** add/remove from wishlist
- **AffiliateService:** affiliate operations, commission tracking
- **ChatService:** send/receive messages

GraphQL (Apollo Client)

Configuration

Apollo Client is configured in the app with:

- GraphQL endpoint
- Authentication headers
- File upload support (apollo-upload-client)

Queries and Mutations

Located in `src/graphql/`:

```
// Example Query
import { useQuery } from '@apollo/client';
import { GET_PRODUCTS } from '../graphql/queries';

const { data, loading, error } = useQuery(GET_PRODUCTS, {
  variables: { categoryId: '123' }
});
```

WebSocket (Socket.io)

Real-time features use Socket.io:

- Chat messages
 - Order status updates
 - Notifications
-

State Management

Redux Store Structure

```
{
  login: {
    isLoggedIn: boolean,
    token: string,
    // ...
  },
  user: {
    userId: string,
    userInfo: UserType,
    // ...
  },
  profile: {
    // User profile data
  },
  counter: {
    cartCount: number,
    wishlistCount: number,
    notificationCount: number,
  },
  affiliate: {
    // Affiliate program data
  }
}
```

Using Redux

Accessing State

```
import { useSelector } from 'react-redux';

const MyComponent = () => {
  const isLoggedIn = useSelector((state: RootState) => state.login.isLoggedIn);
  const cartCount = useSelector((state: RootState) => state.counter.cartCount);

  // Component logic
};
```

Dispatching Actions

```
import { useDispatch } from 'react-redux';
import { setUser } from '../store/actions';

const MyComponent = () => {
  const dispatch = useDispatch();

  const handleLogin = (user: UserType) => {
    dispatch(setUser(user));
  };

  // Component logic
};
```

Redux Persist

State is automatically persisted to AsyncStorage. Configured in `src/store/index.ts`.

Context API

Used for:

- **ThemeContext**: Theme management
- **PCBottomSheetProvider**: Product card bottom sheet

Navigation

Navigation Structure

Root Navigator

└─ Auth Stack (if not logged in)

| └─ OnBoarding

| └─ Login

| └─ SignUp

| └─ ForgotPassword

└─ Main App (if logged in)

└─ Bottom Tab Navigator

| └─ Home Stack

| └─ Wishlist

| └─ Cart

| └─ Profile

└─ Other Stacks

└─ Product Detail Stack

└─ Checkout Stack

└─ Order Stack

└─ Affiliate Stack

└─ Chat Stack

Navigation Types

Define navigation types in `src/types/route.ts`:

```
export type RootStackParamList = {  
  Home: undefined;  
  ProductDetail: { productId: string };  
  // ...  
};
```

Navigating Between Screens

```
import { useNavigation } from '@react-navigation/native';

const MyComponent = () => {
  const navigation = useNavigation();

  const goToProduct = (productId: string) => {
    navigation.navigate('ProductDetail', { productId });
  };

  const goBack = () => {
    navigation.goBack();
  };
};
```

Deep Linking

Configure deep linking in `react-native.config.js` and navigation configuration for handling external links.

Component Library

Atomic Design Structure

Atoms (Basic Building Blocks)

Button

```
import { Button } from '../components';

<Button
  title="Submit"
  onPress={handleSubmit}
  variant="primary"
  disabled={false}
/>
```

Card

```
import { Card } from '../components';

<Card>
  <Text>Card Content</Text>
</Card>
```

TextInput

```
import { TextInput } from '../components';

<TextInput
  placeholder="Enter text"
  value={text}
  onChangeText={setText}
  leftIcon={<Icon />}
  rightIcon={<Icon />}
/>
```

ProductCard

```
import { ProductCard } from '../components';

<ProductCard
  product={productData}
  onPress={handleProductPress}
  onAddToCart={handleAddToCart}
/>
```

SkeletonLoader

```
import { SkeletonLoader } from '../components';

<SkeletonLoader width={100} height={20} borderRadius={4} />
```

Molecules (Composite Components)

BackButton

```
import { BackButton } from '../components';
```

```
<BackButton onPress={handleBack} />
```

CartButton

```
import { CartButton } from '../components';
```

```
<CartButton  
  count={cartCount}  
  onPress={handleCartPress}  
/>
```

Rating

```
import { Rating } from '../components';
```

```
<Rating  
  rating={4.5}  
  count={120}  
  size="small"  
/>
```

SearchButton

```
import { SearchButton } from '../components';
```

```
<SearchButton onPress={handleSearch} />
```

Creating Custom Components

Follow the atomic design principle:

1. Determine the component level (atom/molecule/organism)
 2. Create in appropriate directory
 3. Export from `components/index.ts`
 4. Add TypeScript types
 5. Use theme for styling
-

Styling and Theming

Theme Structure

Theme is defined in `src/contexts/theme.tsx` :

```
{
  colors: {
    primary: string,
    secondary: string,
    background: string,
    text: string,
    error: string,
    success: string,
    // ...
  },
  spacing: {
    small: number,
    medium: number,
    large: number,
  },
  margin: {
    small: number,
    medium: number,
    large: number,
  },
  padding: {
    small: number,
    medium: number,
    large: number,
  },
  typography: {
    fontSize: {...},
    fontWeight: {...},
  },
  // ...
}
```

Using Theme

```
import { useTheme } from '../contexts';

const MyComponent = () => {
  const { theme } = useTheme();

  const styles = createStyles(theme);

  return (
    <View style={styles.container}>
      { /* Component content */ }
    </View>
  );
};

const createStyles = (theme: Theme) => StyleSheet.create({
  container: {
    backgroundColor: theme.colors.background,
    padding: theme.padding.medium,
  },
  text: {
    color: theme.colors.text,
    fontSize: theme.typography.fontSize.medium,
  },
});
```

Responsive Design

Use dimensions and flex for responsive layouts:

```
import { Dimensions } from 'react-native';

const { width, height } = Dimensions.get('window');

const styles = StyleSheet.create({
  container: {
    width: width * 0.9,
```

```
},  
});
```

Internationalization (i18n)

Configuration

i18n is configured using `i18next` and `react-i18next`.

Configuration: `src/i18n/index.ts` Translations: `src/i18n/locales/en.json`

Adding Translations

1. Add keys to `src/i18n/locales/en.json`:

```
{  
  "welcome": "Welcome to OnMart",  
  "login": {  
    "title": "Login",  
    "email": "Email Address",  
    "password": "Password"  
  }  
}
```

2. Use in components:

```
import { useTranslation } from 'react-i18next';  
  
const MyComponent = () => {  
  const { t } = useTranslation();  
  
  return (  
    <Text>{t('welcome')}</Text>  
    <Text>{t('login.title')}</Text>  
  );  
};
```

Adding New Languages

1. Create new translation file: `src/i18n/locales/[lang].json`
 2. Import in `src/i18n/index.ts`
 3. Add to resources configuration
-

Environment Configuration

Environment Variables

Three environment files:

- `.env` - Active environment (copied from `.env.dev` or `.env.prod`)
- `.env.dev` - Development configuration
- `.env.prod` - Production configuration

Available Variables

```
API_AUTH_URL=https://auth-api.example.com
API_BASE_URL=https://api.example.com
URL=https://app.example.com
MAP_KEY=YOUR_GOOGLE_MAPS_API_KEY
COLLECTION_BANNER=https://storage.example.com/default-banner.png
```

Using Environment Variables

```
import { API_BASE_URL, MAP_KEY } from '@env';

const apiUrl = API_BASE_URL;
const mapKey = MAP_KEY;
```

Switching Environments

```
# Switch to development
```

```
yarn dev
```

```
# Switch to production
```

```
yarn prod
```

Testing

Running Tests

```
# Run all tests
```

```
yarn test
```

```
# Run tests in watch mode
```

```
yarn test --watch
```

```
# Run tests with coverage
```

```
yarn test --coverage
```

Test Structure

Tests are located in `_tests_` directory.

Writing Tests

```
import React from 'react';
import { render } from '@testing-library/react-native';
import MyComponent from '../MyComponent';

describe('MyComponent', () => {
  it('renders correctly', () => {
    const { getByText } = render(<MyComponent />);
    expect(getByText('Hello')).toBeTruthy();
  });
});
```

```
});
```

Build and Deployment

Android Build

Debug Build

```
yarn android
```

Release Build

```
yarn android:build
```

Output: `android/app/build/outputs/apk/release/app-release.apk`

Signing Configuration

Configure signing in `android/app/build.gradle`:

```
signingConfigs {  
  release {  
    storeFile file('your-keystore.keystore')  
    storePassword 'your-store-password'  
    keyAlias 'your-key-alias'  
    keyPassword 'your-key-password'  
  }  
}
```

iOS Build

Debug Build

```
yarn ios
```

Release Build

1. Open `ios/OnMart.xcworkspace` in Xcode
2. Select "Product" → "Archive"
3. Follow distribution steps

Code Signing

- **iOS:** Configure signing in Xcode
- **Android:** Configure keystore

App Distribution

- **iOS:** App Store Connect / TestFlight
 - **Android:** Google Play Console / Firebase App Distribution
-

Common Issues and Troubleshooting

Metro Bundler Issues

Problem: Metro bundler cache issues

Solution:

```
yarn start --reset-cache
```

Pod Install Failures (iOS)

Problem: CocoaPods installation fails

Solution:

```
cd ios  
pod deintegrate  
pod install
```

```
cd ..
```

Android Build Failures

Problem: Gradle build fails

Solution:

```
cd android  
./gradlew clean  
cd ..  
yarn android
```

Package Conflicts

Problem: Package version conflicts

Solution:

```
rm -rf node_modules  
rm yarn.lock  
yarn install
```

Native Module Linking Issues

Problem: Native modules not found

Solution:

```
# Reinstall dependencies  
yarn install  
  
# iOS  
cd ios && pod install && cd ..  
  
# Android - usually auto-links
```

Common Error Messages

1. "Unable to resolve module"

- Clear Metro cache: `yarn start --reset-cache`
- Reinstall dependencies

2. "Command failed: gradlew.bat"

- Check Android SDK installation
- Update Gradle version

3. "CocoaPods could not find compatible versions"

- Update CocoaPods: `pod repo update`
 - Update pod dependencies: `cd ios && pod update && cd ..`
-

Best Practices

Performance Optimization

1. Use `React.memo` for pure components

```
export default React.memo(MyComponent);
```

2. Use `useCallback` for functions passed as props

```
const handlePress = useCallback(() => {  
  // Handler logic  
}, [dependencies]);
```

3. Use `useMemo` for expensive calculations

```
const expensiveValue = useMemo(() => {  
  return computeExpensiveValue(data);  
}, [data]);
```

4. Optimize `FlatList` with proper keys and props

```
<FlatList  
  data={items}  
  keyExtractor={(item) => item.id}  
  removeClippedSubviews={true}  
  maxToRenderPerBatch={10}  
  windowSize={10}  
>
```

5. Use `SkeletonLoader` for loading states

Security Best Practices

1. **Never commit sensitive data**
 - Use environment variables
 - Add sensitive files to `.gitignore`
2. **Validate user input**
3. **Use HTTPS for all API calls**
4. **Implement proper authentication**
5. **Store tokens securely** (using AsyncStorage with encryption)

Code Quality

1. **Run linter before committing**

```
yarn lint
```

2. **Follow TypeScript best practices**
3. **Write meaningful commit messages**
4. **Comment complex logic**
5. **Keep functions small and focused**

Git Workflow

1. **Create feature branches**

```
git checkout -b feature/my-feature
```

2. **Commit frequently with clear messages**

```
git commit -m "Add product search functionality"
```

3. **Pull before pushing**

```
git pull origin main  
git push origin feature/my-feature
```

Component Development

1. **Start with the simplest implementation**
2. **Make components reusable**
3. **Use TypeScript for type safety**
4. **Separate concerns (UI vs logic)**

Additional Resources

React Native Documentation

- [React Native Docs](#)
- [React Navigation](#)
- [Redux Toolkit](#)

Learning Resources

- [React Native Express](#)
- [TypeScript Handbook](#)

Community

- [React Native Community](#)
 - [Stack Overflow - React Native](#)
-

Conclusion

This documentation provides a comprehensive guide to understanding, developing, and maintaining the OnMart mobile application. For any questions or issues not covered here, please contact the development team.

Version: 1.0.4 **Last Updated:** February 2026 **Maintained By:** OnDelivery Operations Team